

# Best in Class SAM Practices in a *changing* Software Industry

January 2008



*software asset optimization*

*We Search. You Save.*

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Industry Trends
  - Hardware
  - Software
- Best in Class Software Asset Management
  - How good is best in class?
  - How did they get there?
  - How good can they get?
- Conclusion

# Definitions

- Unit costs = annual maintenance / total installed mips
- PILS™ = acronym for Product Image License
  - 1 PIL represents one product running on one CPU
- Core products – those products that are core to the mainframe operation

# Data Mining Background

- Data comes from database containing over 7 million data points
- Data includes over 300 ISV price books and IBM published pricing
- Companies sampled are from every industry and size
- Usage data from SoftAudit
- All companies are based in North America

# Agenda

➤ Introduction

➤ **Industry Trends**

- Hardware
- Software

➤ Best in Class Software Asset Management

- How good is best in class?
- How did they get there?
- How good can they get?

➤ Conclusion

# IT Cost Background

## ➤ Mainframe **Hardware**

- Consistent price decrease over time
- Governed by Moore's Law
  - Power doubles while price decreases
- Approximately \$10,000 per MIPS in 1997
- Approximately \$2,000 per MIPS today
- Maintenance 12% per year

# IT Cost Background – cont.

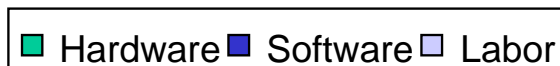
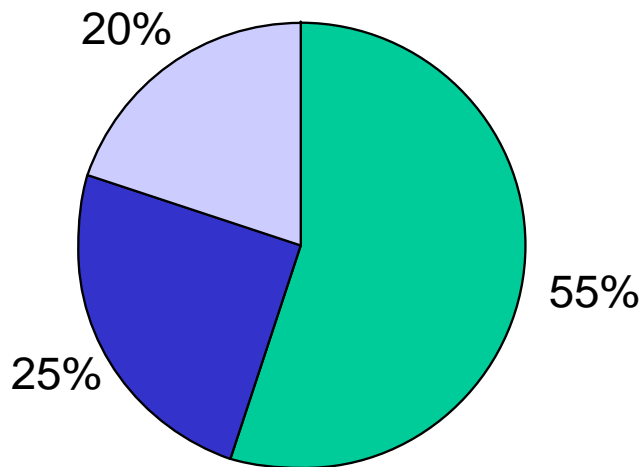
## ➤ Mainframe **Software**

- Consistent price increase over time
  - 5% to 10% per year
- Governed by Vendor's Law
  - Charge what the customer will pay
- Average \$11,000 per MIPS today
- Maintenance 18% to 20% per year

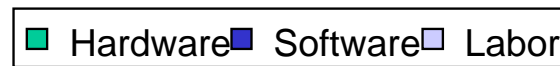
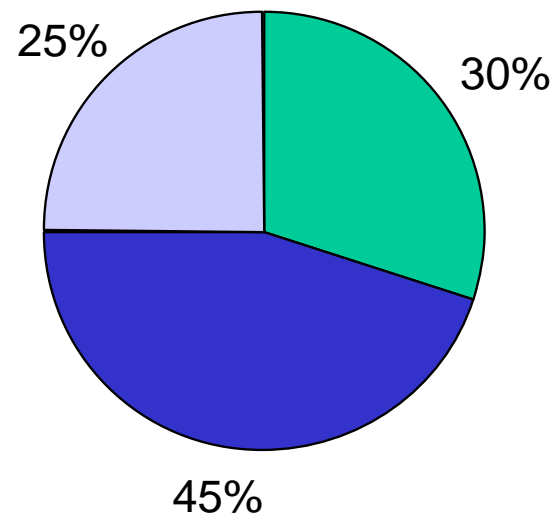
# Software costs are taking a bigger piece of total data center costs

Total Data Center Costs

**1995**

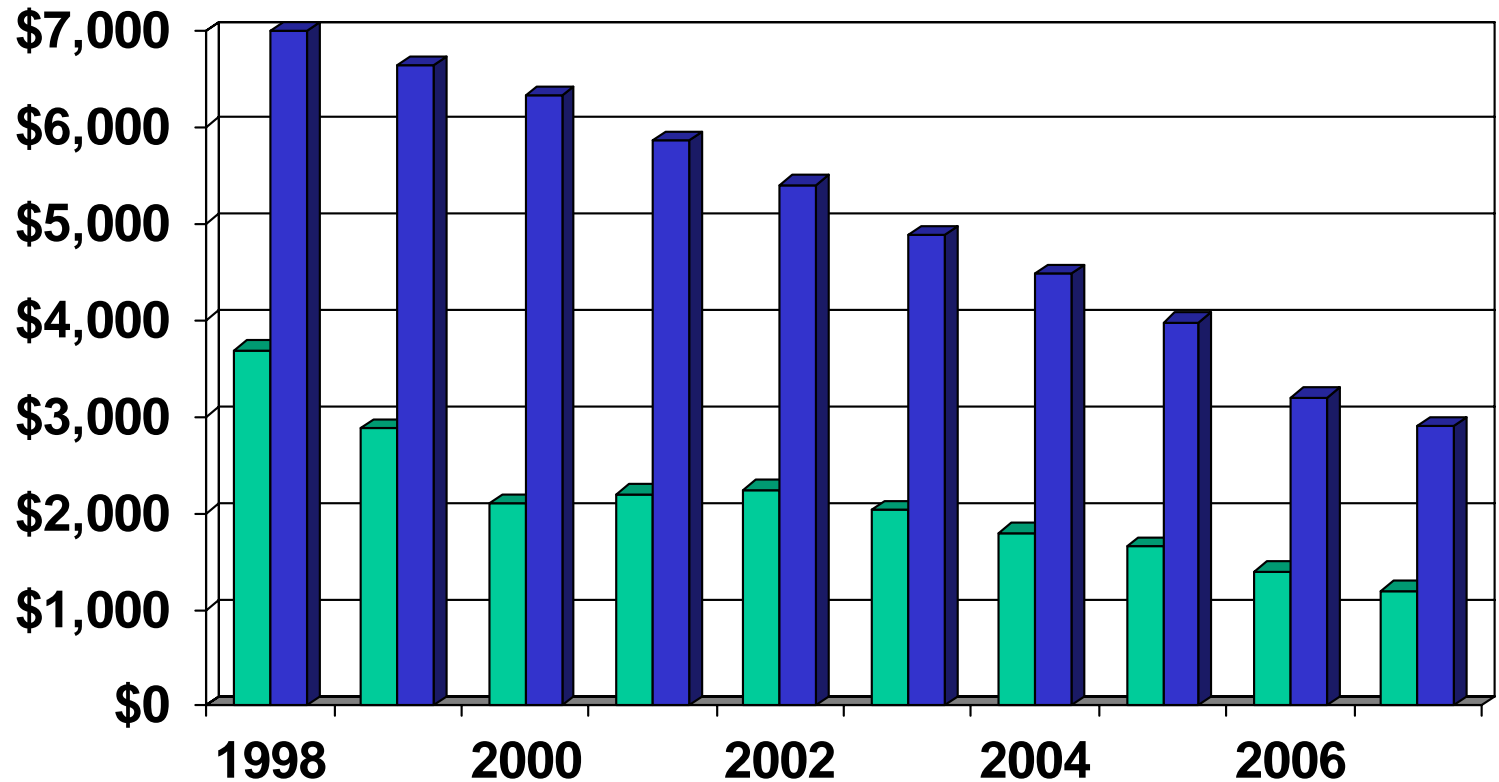


**2005**



# Software unit costs are falling rapidly

Hardware & Software Unit Costs



# IT Industry Impact on Software 1997-2007

- 64 bit CPUs - 2000
- IBM WLC - 2000
- Hitachi & Amdahl exit mainframe CPUs - 2001
- Growth in internet - 20xx
- The end of Y2k
- Mid-range Server Growth - 20xx
- IBM SMPO - (1999)
- IBM buys Isogon - 2005
- Hitachi builds large Trinium mainframes - 1999
- Linux on the mainframe - 2002
- BMC buys Boole & Babbage - 1998
- CA buys Platinum - 1999
- ASG buys Viasoft & Landmark – 2000/2002
- CA buys Argis - 2002
- IBM buys Candle - 2004
- SEC launches software revenue accounting investigation - 2004

# Industry Trends 1997

- Many software vendors
- Little correlation between data center size and unit cost
- Lots of products
- 5-7 year ELAs representing 70% of ISV budget
- Pricing based on MIPS or Tiers
- Little product substitution (high vendor retention level)
- Lots of CPUs and data centers
- Costs managed thru negotiation
- Average costs at \$5500 per mip
- Best in class at \$2500 mip

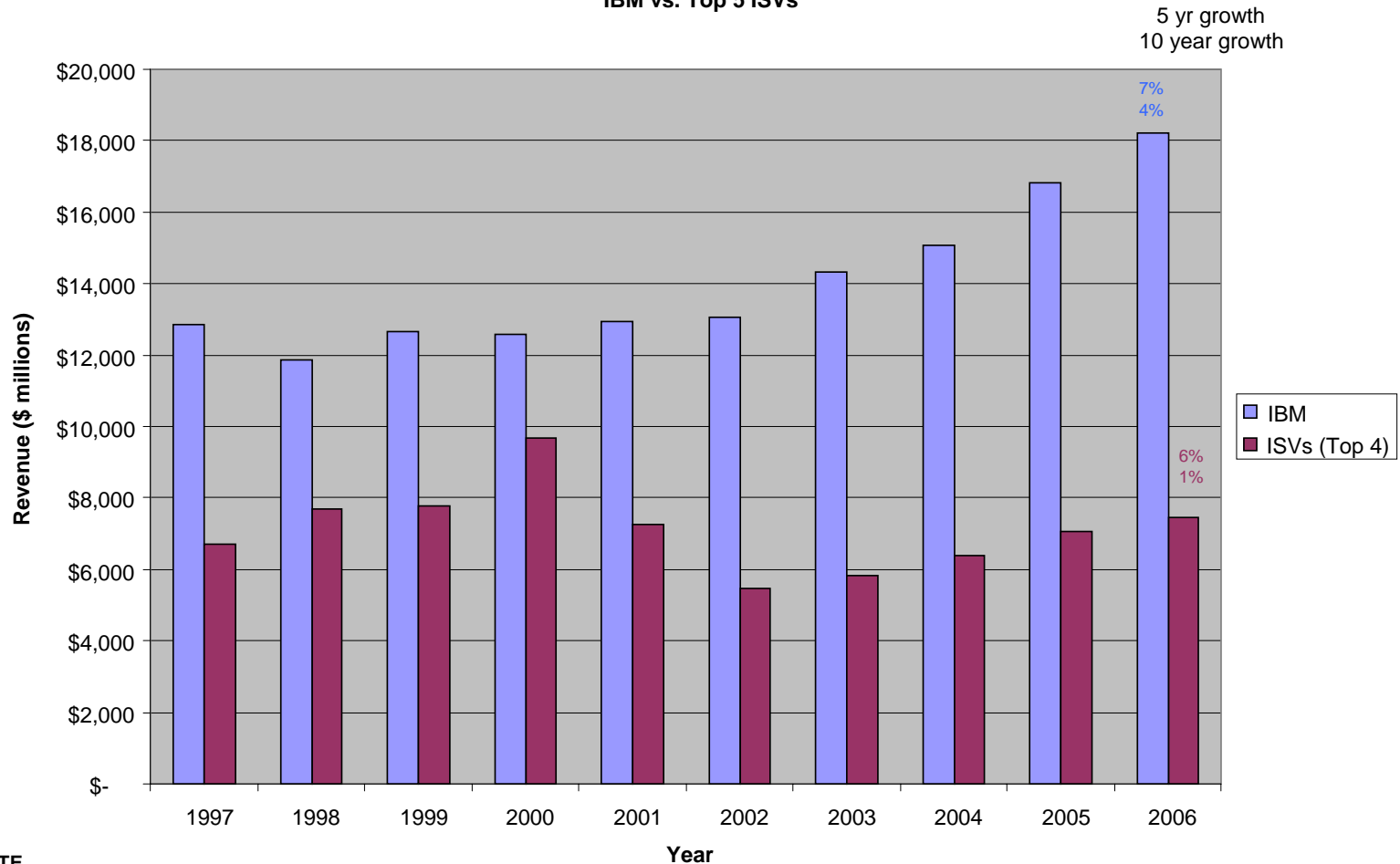
# Industry Trends 2007

- Fewer software vendors
- IBM is in the replacement business
- High correlation between data center size and unit cost
- Reduced products
- 2-3 year ELAs representing 80% of ISV budget
- Pricing based on MIPS, Usage, Sub-capacity, value units
- High product substitution (low vendor loyalty)
- Consolidate CPUs and data centers
- Costs managed thru product management
- Average costs at \$4000 per mip
- Best in class at \$1300 mip

# How much are the software vendors growing?

IBM has taken 88% of Top 5 vendor's increased revenue

Revenue History  
IBM vs. Top 5 ISVs

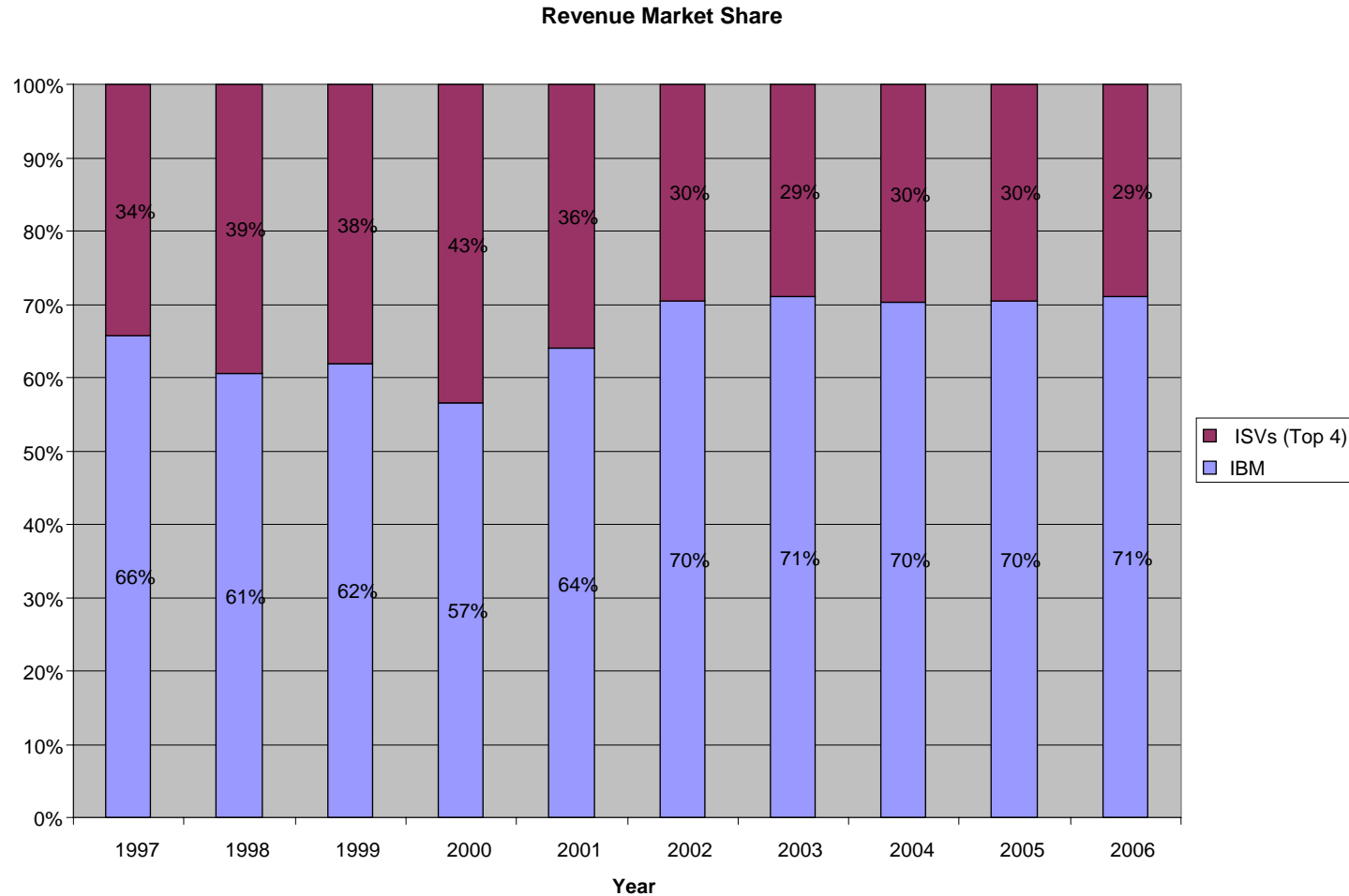


**NOTE**

Revenue data taken from annual reports. They may include non-mainframe software revenue. They may include fluctuations due to changes in revenue accounting.

# How much are the software vendors growing?

Reduced market share from Major ISVs resulted in their revenue reduced by over \$1.5 billion in 2006



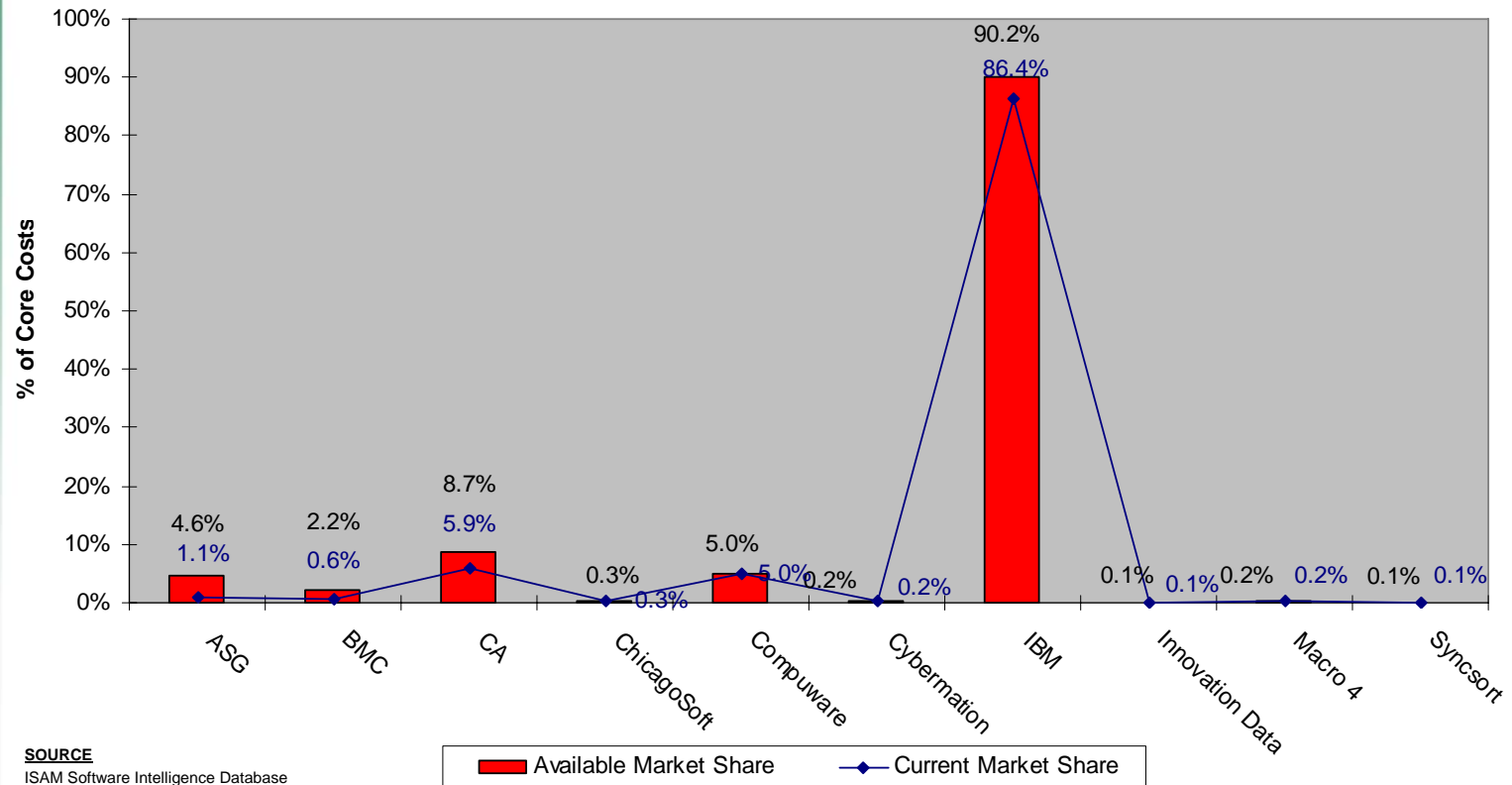
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# Market Share for Core products

Software Industry for Core products dominated by IBM

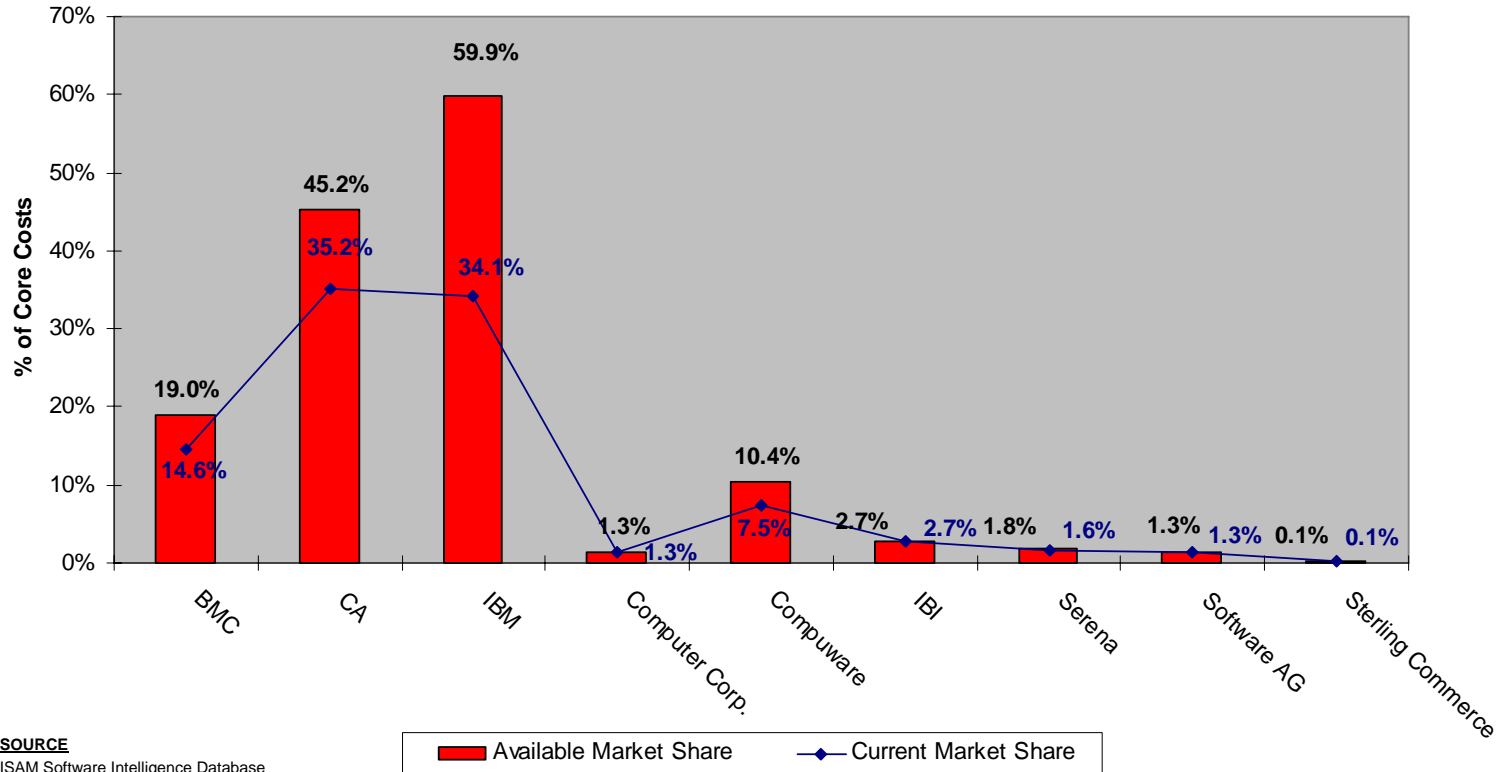
Market Share % of Core Costs  
Mainframe Data Centers



# Market Share for Non-Core products

Non-Core products dominated by IBM, and growing

Market Share % of Non-Core Costs  
Mainframe Data Centers

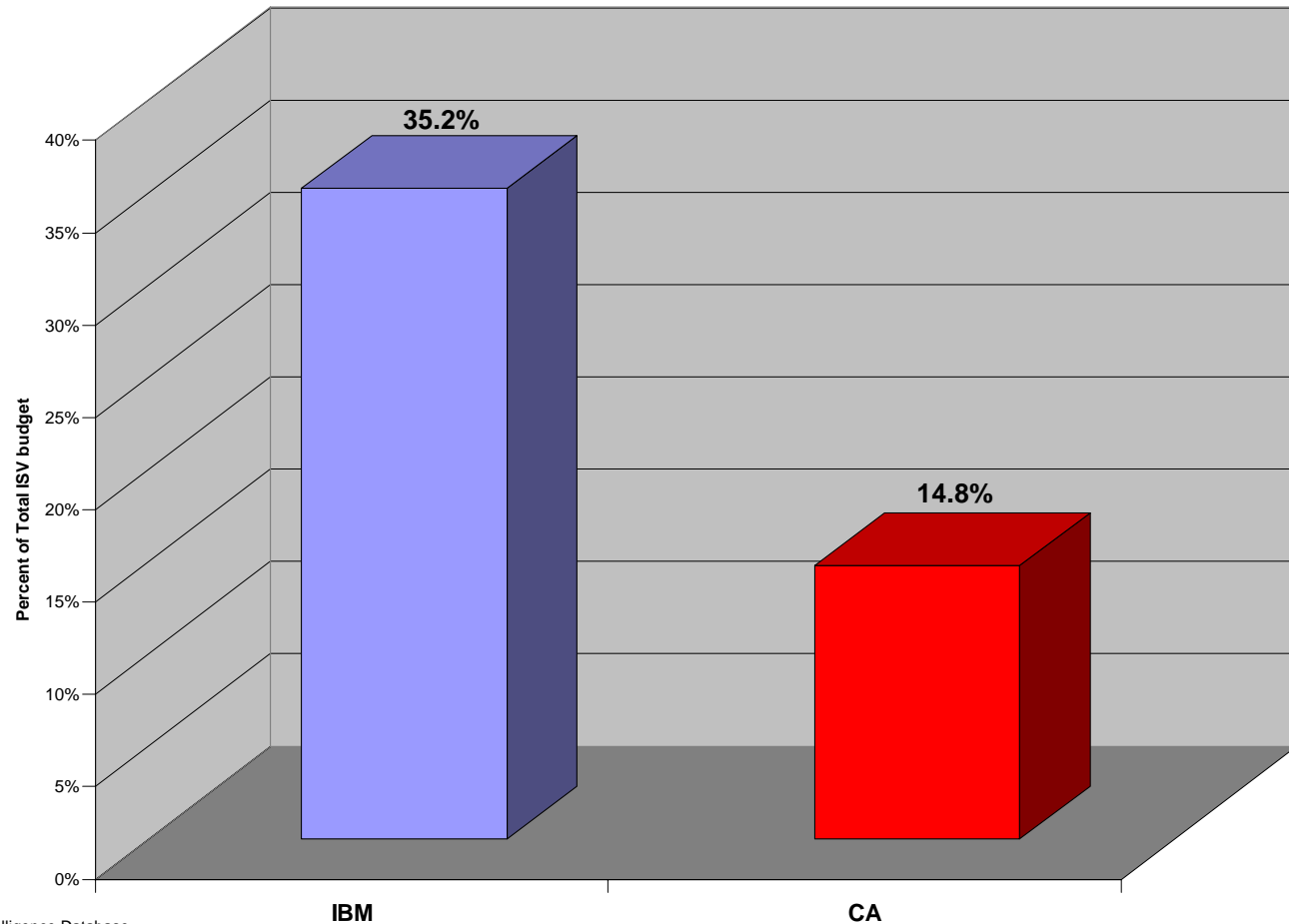


SOURCE  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How much ISV product replacement is available?

IBM has the greatest potential on increasing market share

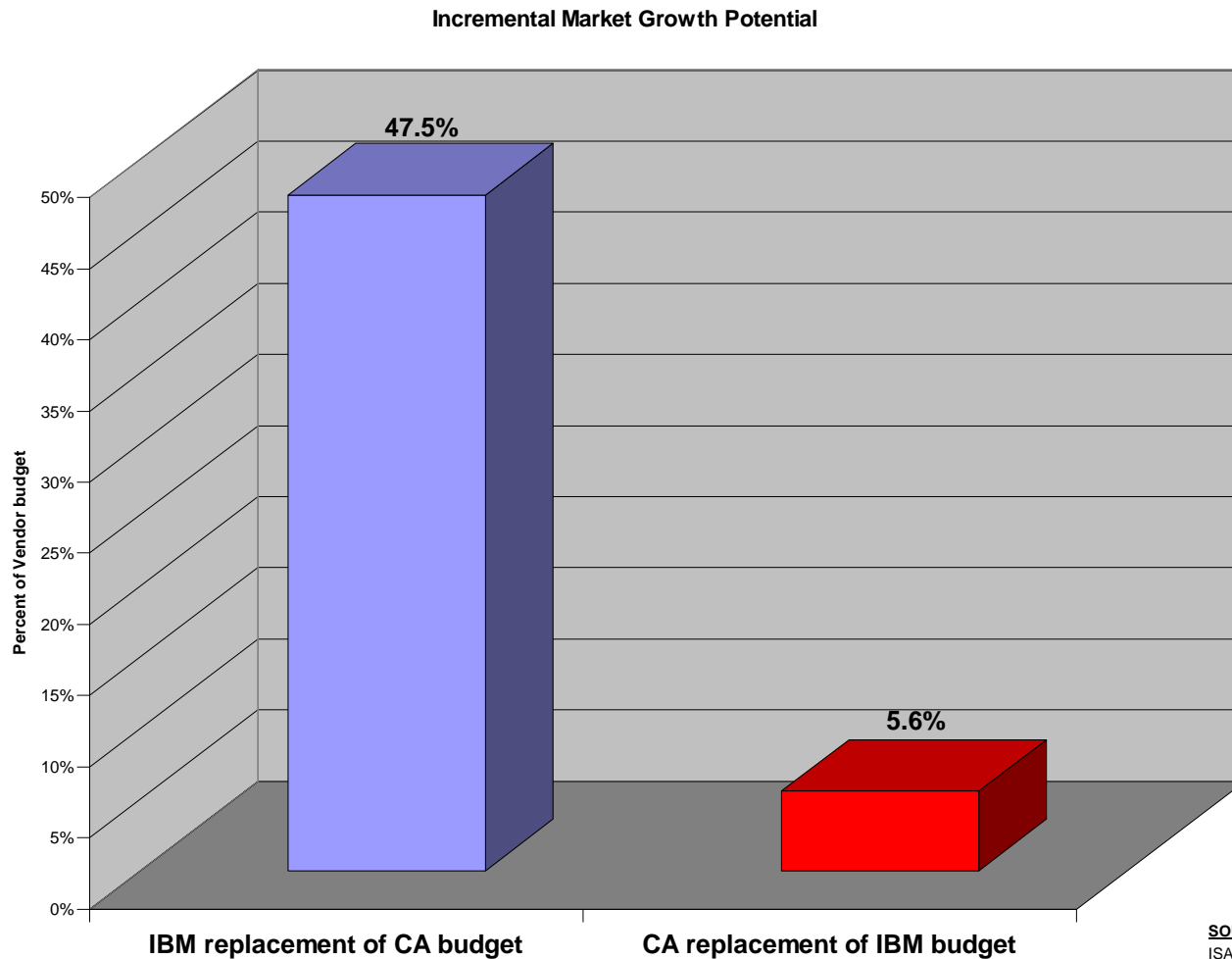
Incremental Market Growth Potential



**SOURCE**  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How much product replacement is available?

IBM can take more from CA than vice versa



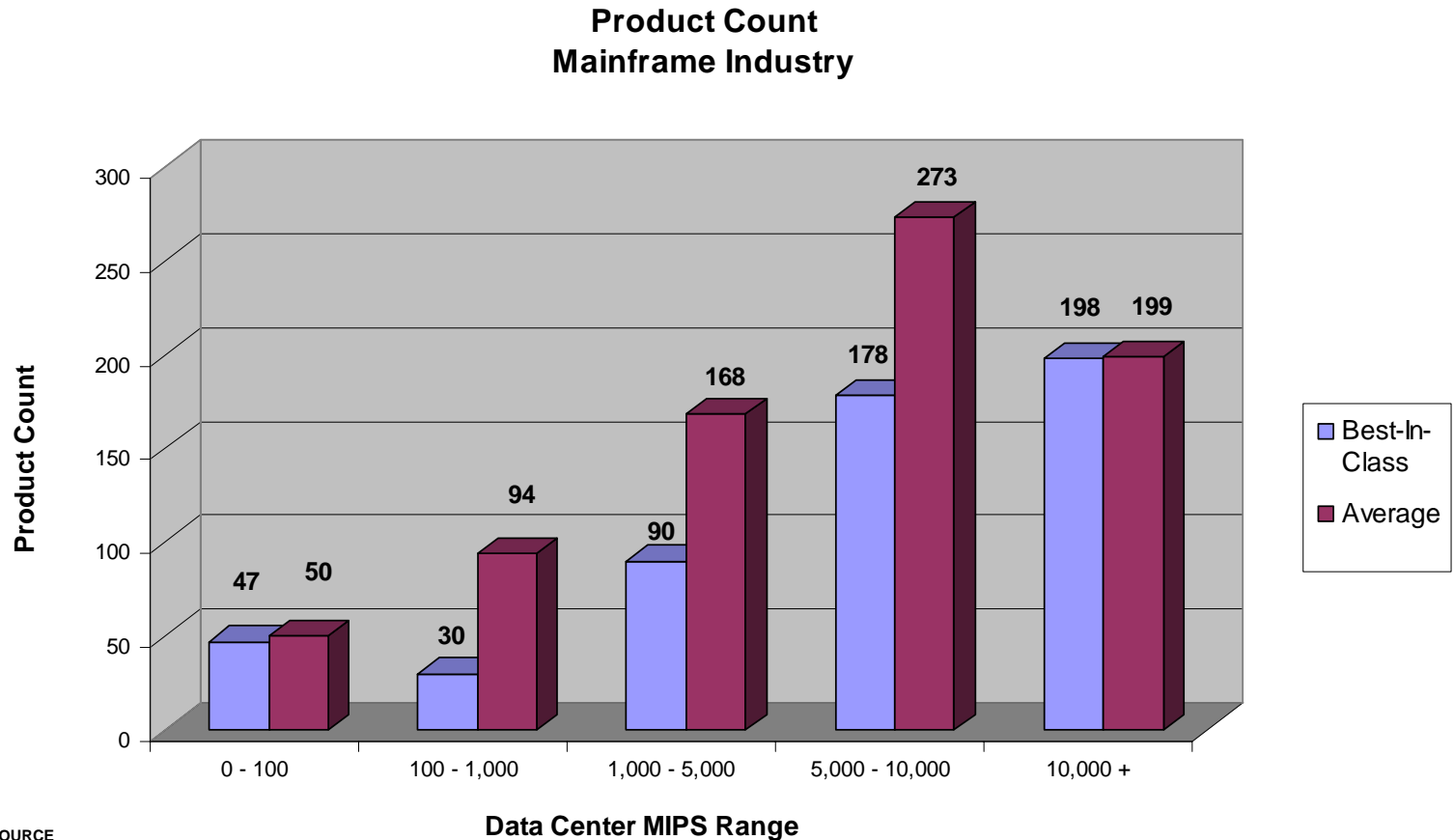
SOURCE  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

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# How Good is Best in Class?

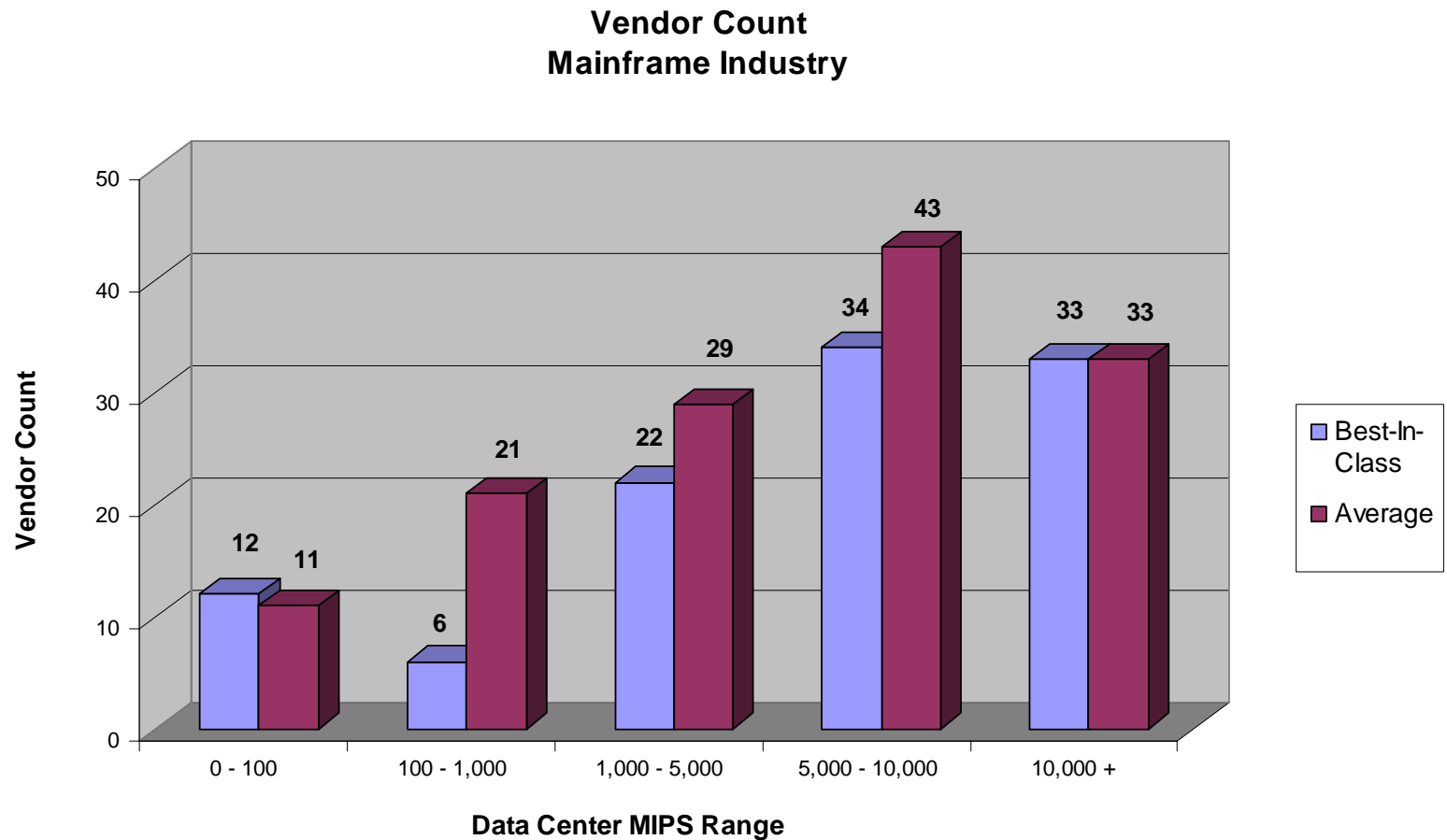
Although larger data centers have more products ...



**SOURCE**  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How Good is Best in Class?

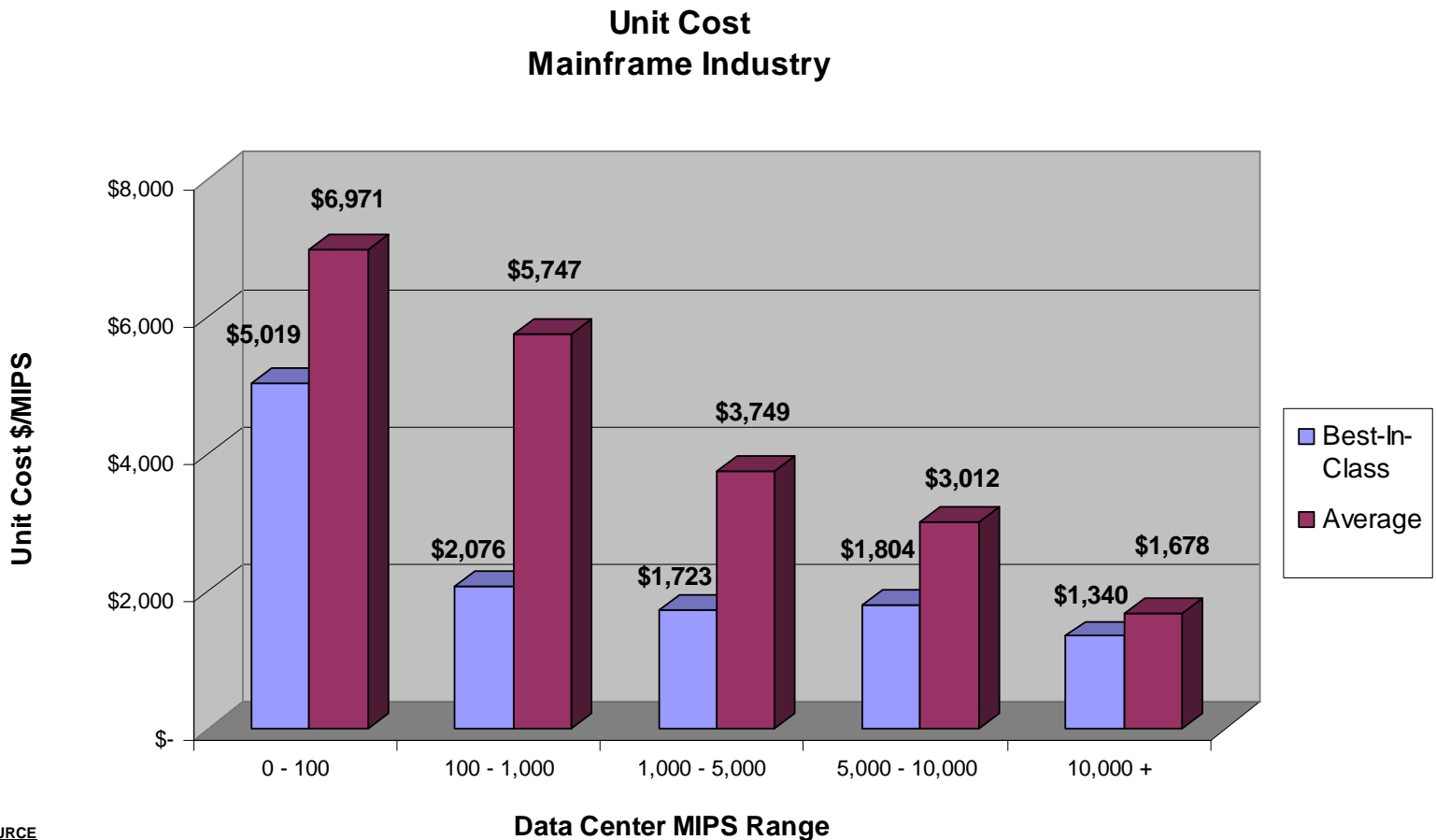
and larger data centers have more vendors ...



**SOURCE**  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How Good is Best in Class?

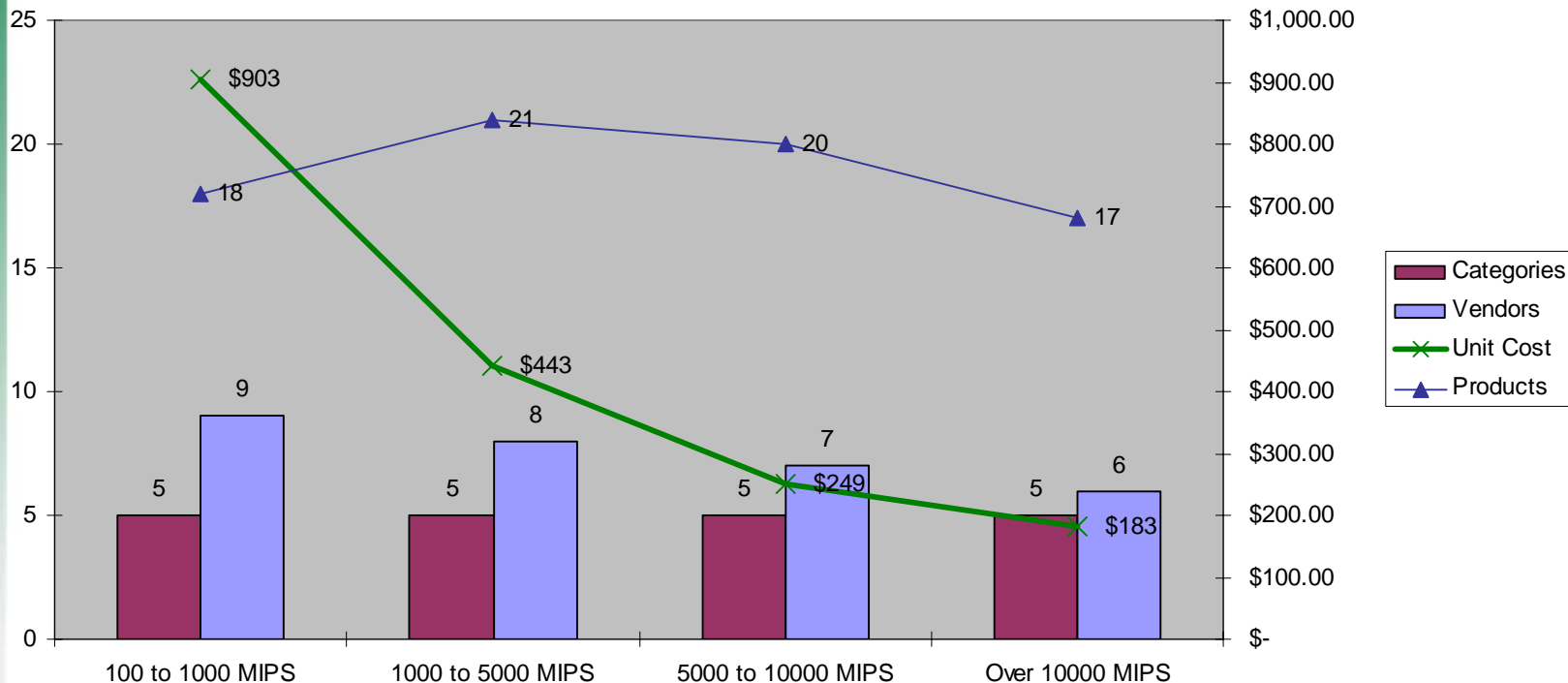
Large data centers have lower unit costs.



**SOURCE**  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How Good is Best in Class?

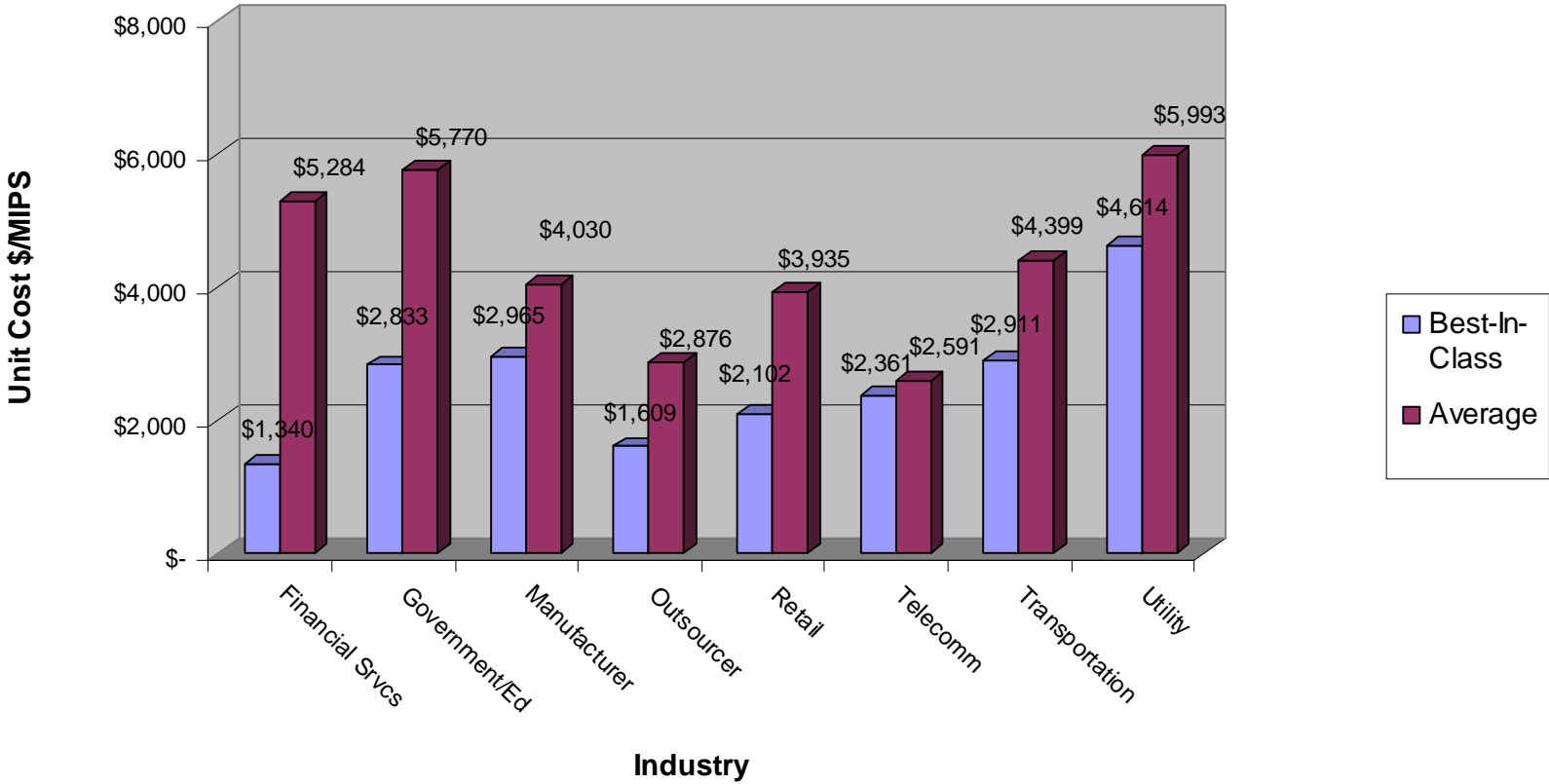
Large data centers manage their core products to a lower cost.



**SOURCE**  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# Best in Class is not Unique to an Industry

Unit Cost  
Mainframe Data Centers



SOURCE  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

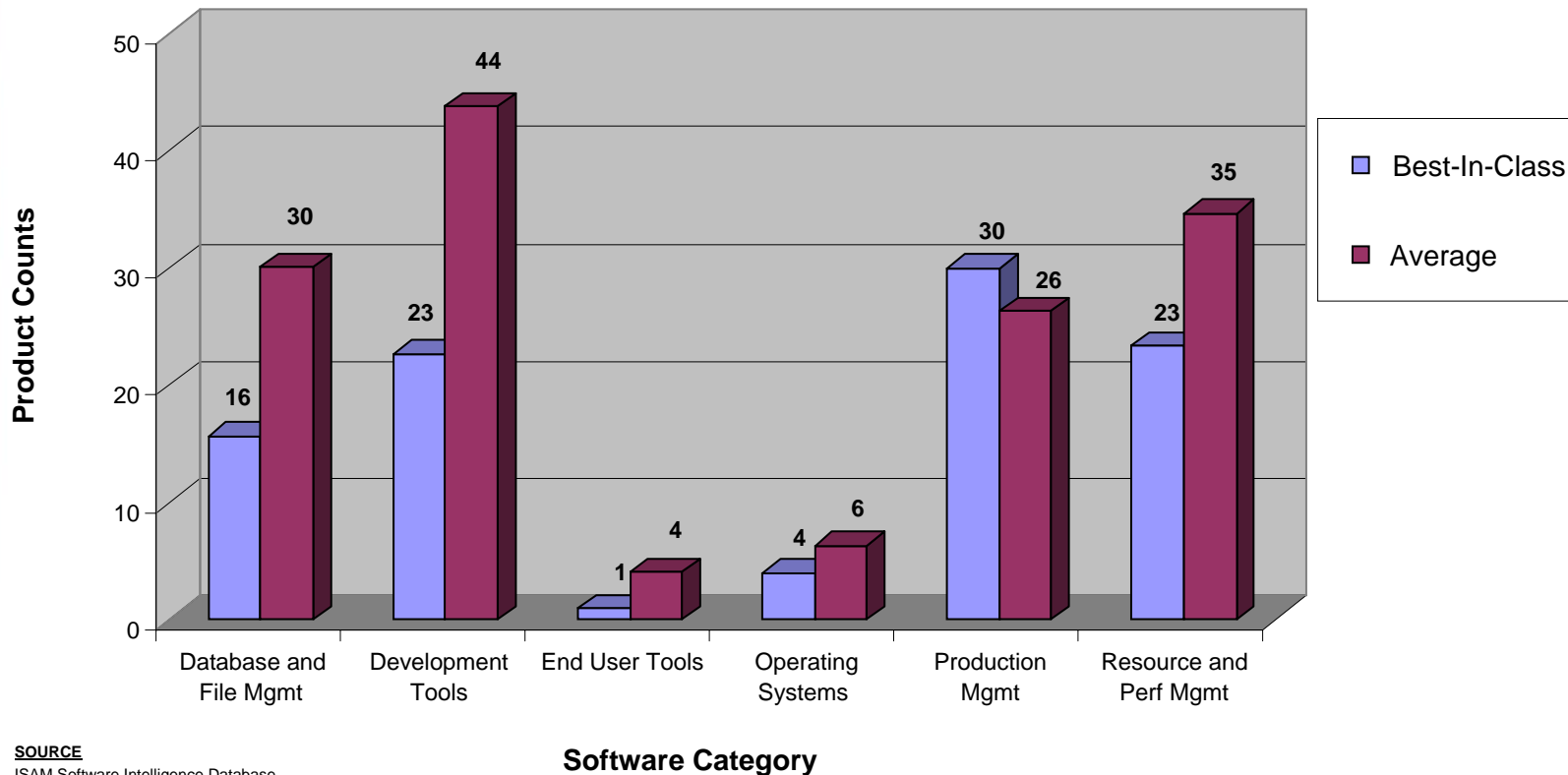
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# How did Best in Class get there?

Best in Class managed their product count

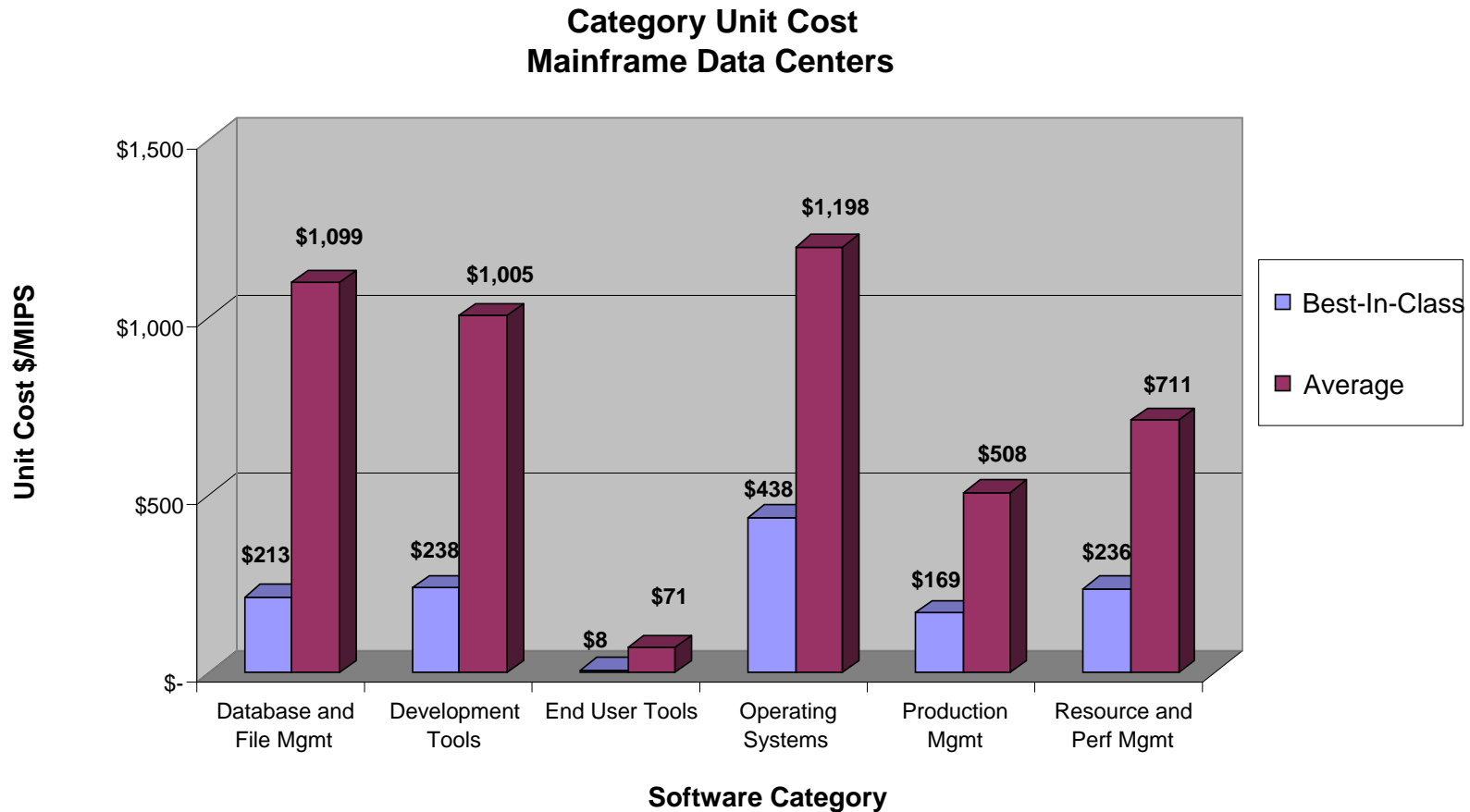
Category Product Counts  
Mainframe Data Centers



SOURCE  
ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# How did Best in Class get there?

The lower product count resulted in lower unit costs



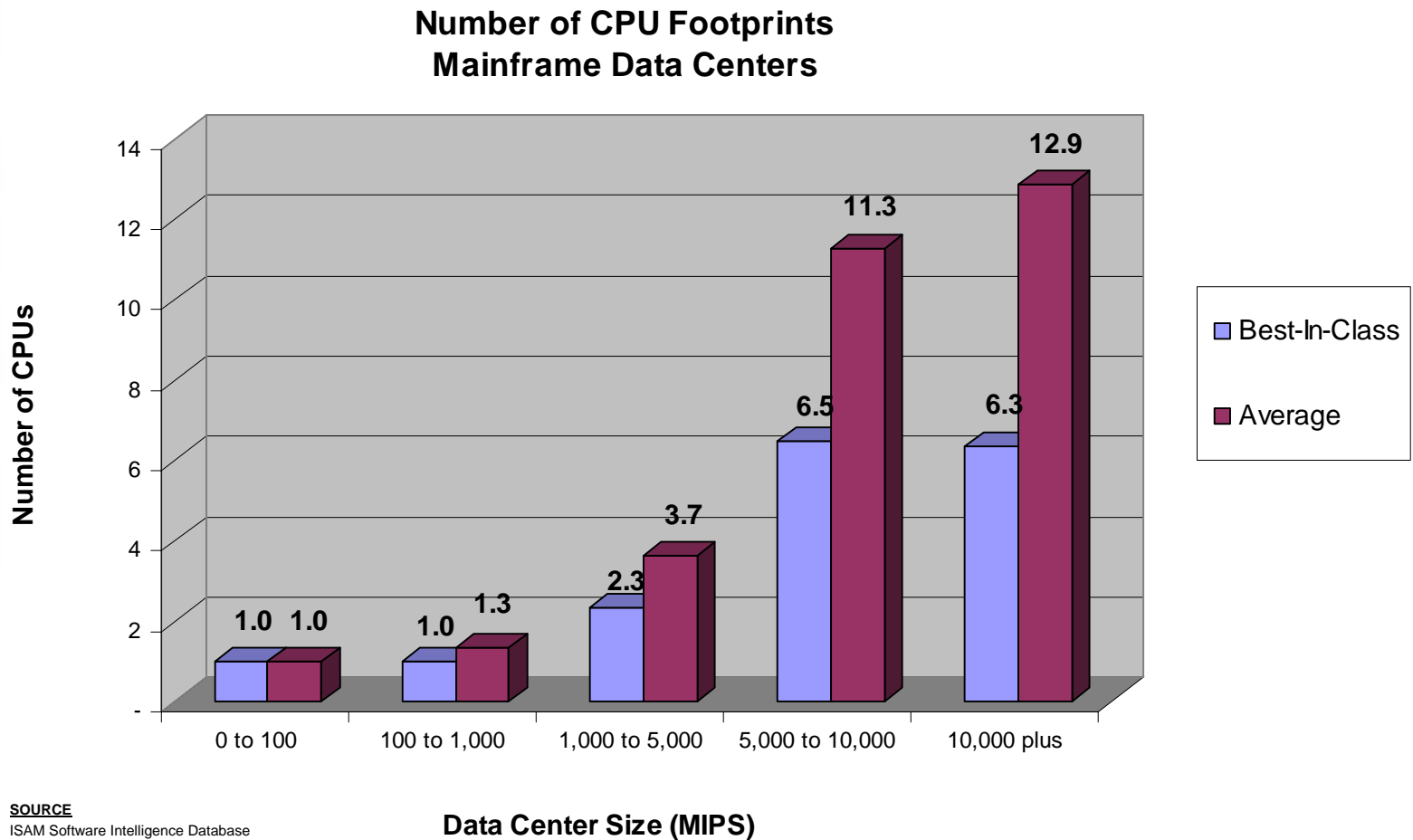
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ISAM Software Intelligence Database

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# How Good can they get?

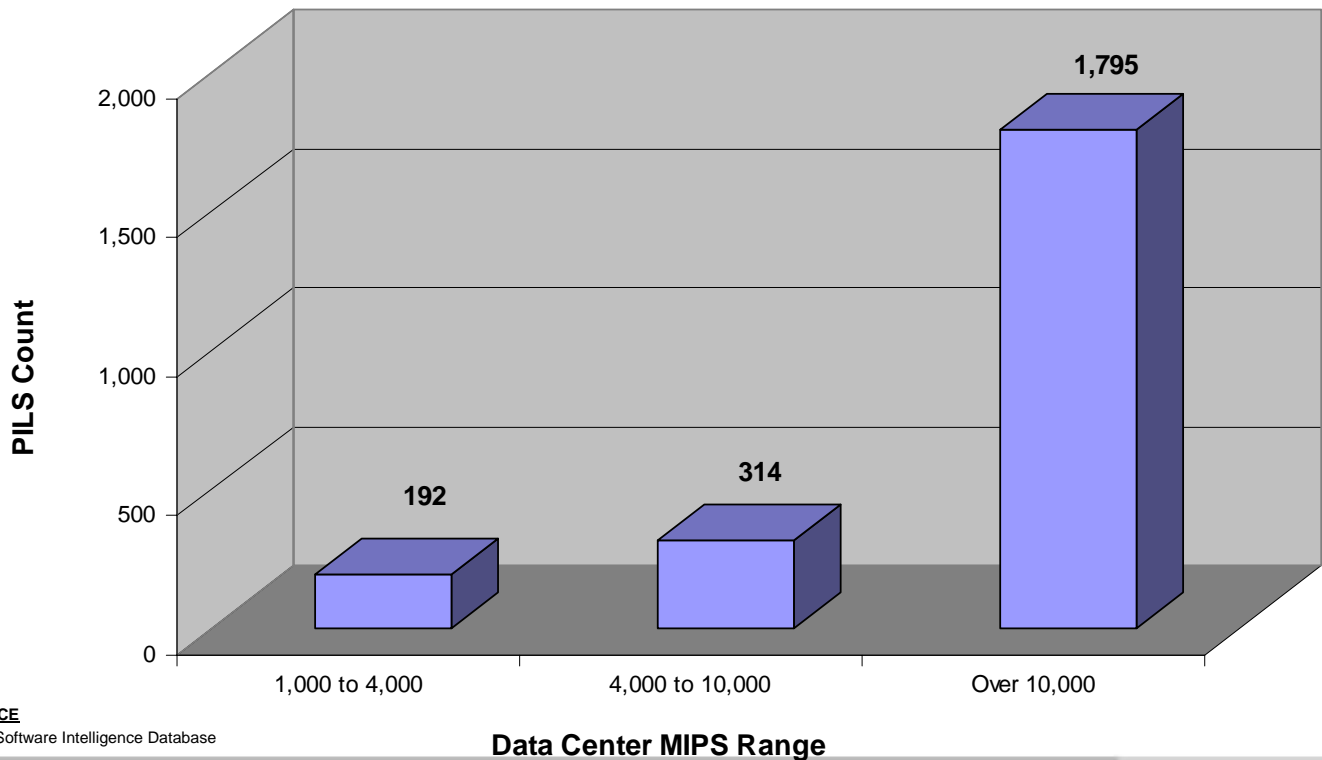
Larger data centers have more, and larger CPUs...



# How Good can they get?

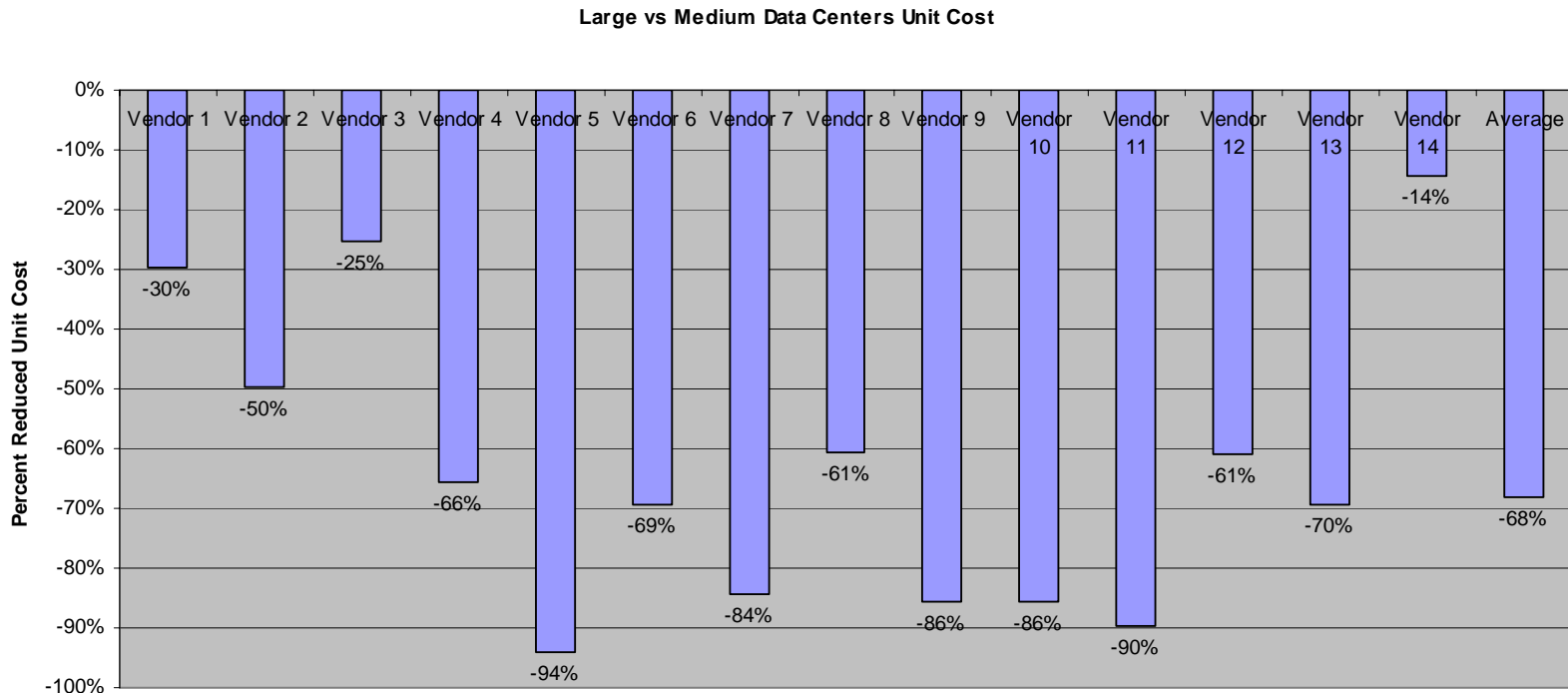
Although larger data centers tend to have lower unit costs, they are also running more licenses...

Average PILS Counts  
Mainframe Industry



# How Good can they get?

Larger data centers consistently paying less...

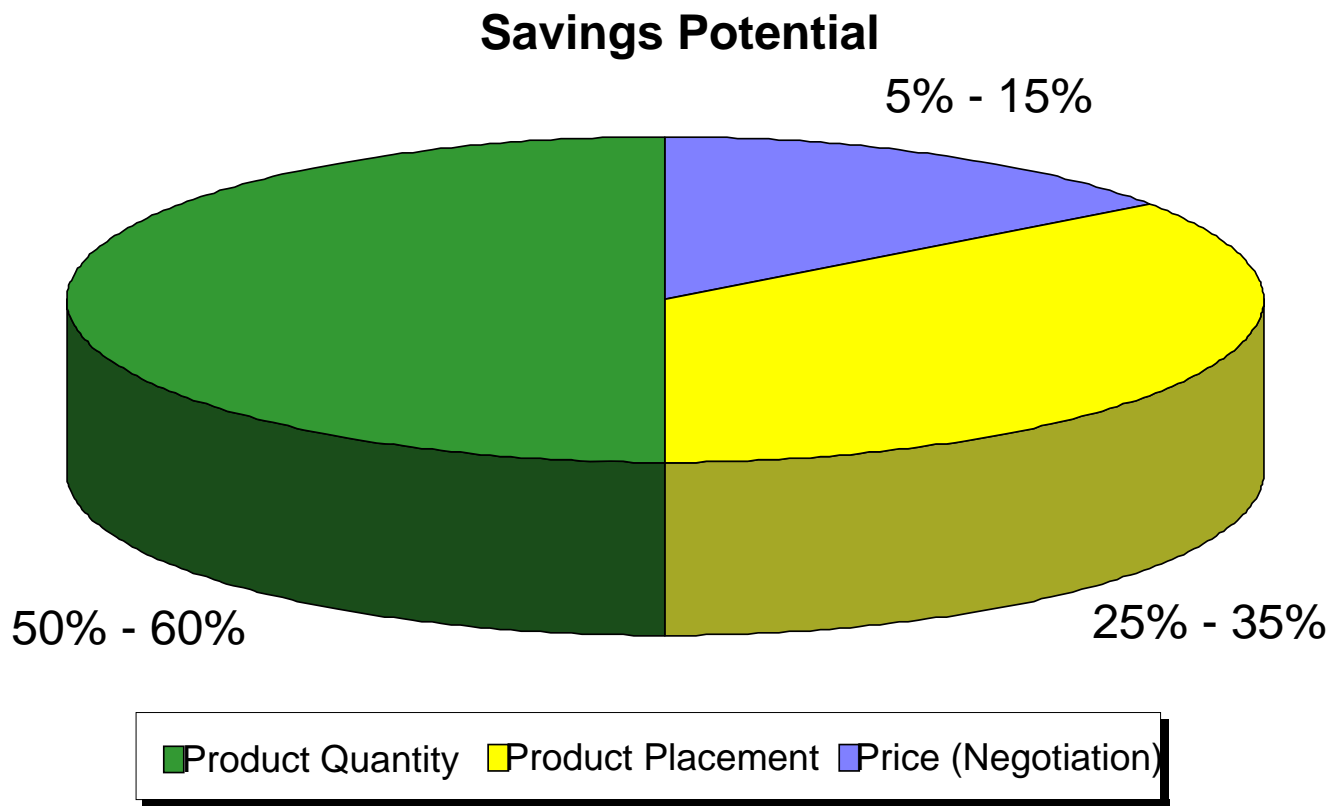


**SOURCE**

ISAM Software Intelligence Database

# Best in Class manage Product inventory and placement

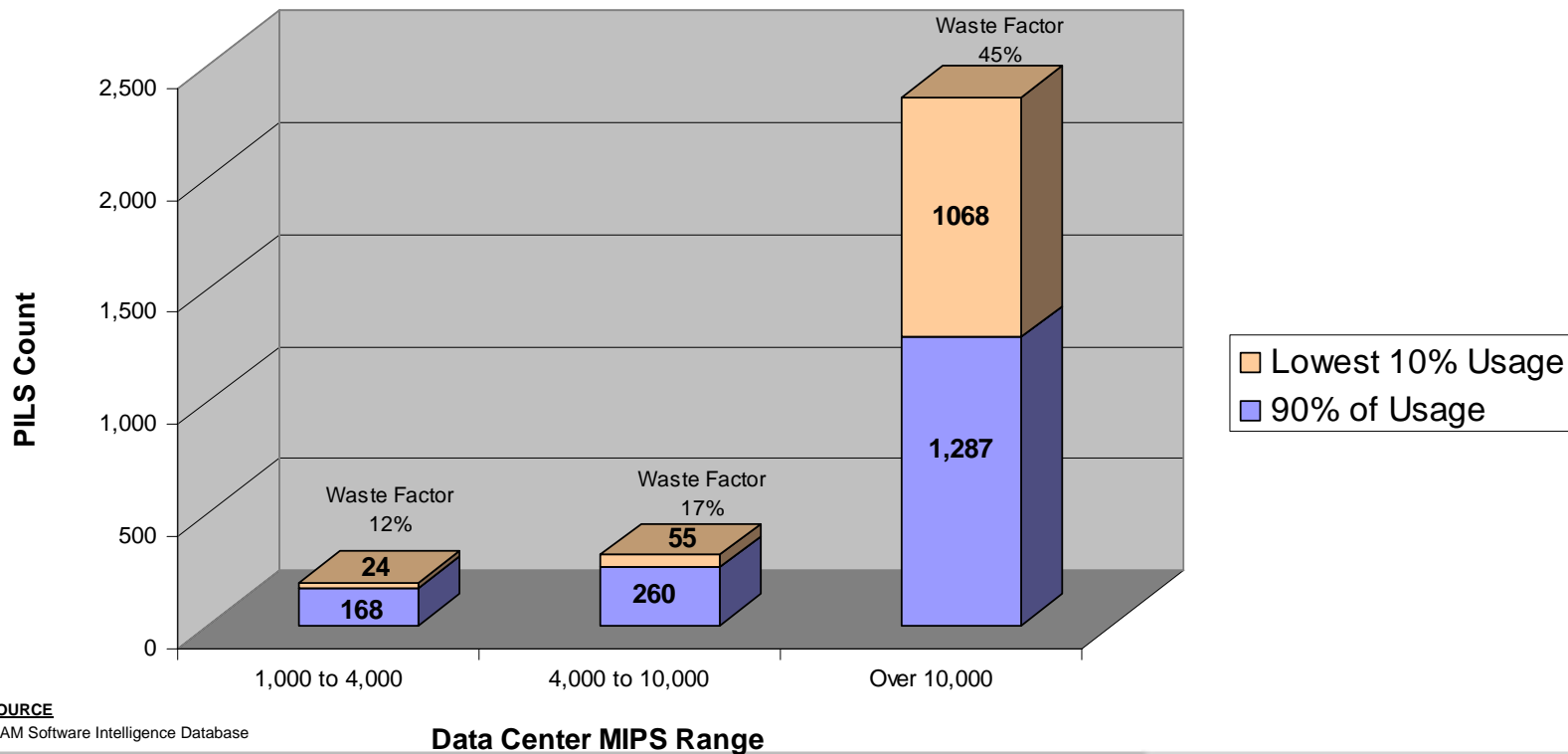
*Savings from negotiations generate only 5-15% of total savings opportunities!*



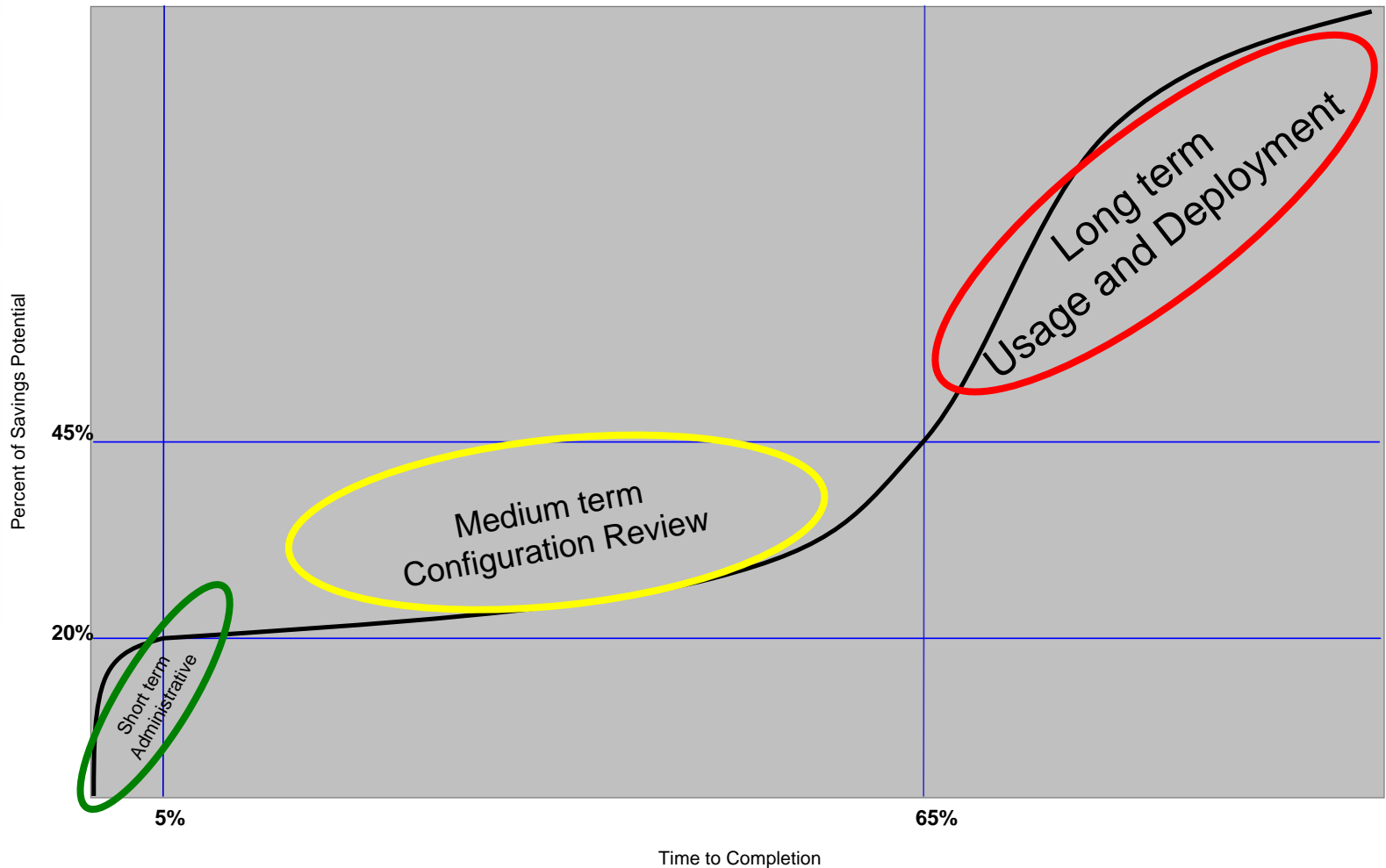
# How Good can they get?

Larger data centers also have more unused & low usage products (waste)...

**PILS Waste  
Mainframe Industry**



# Best in class manage software costs in 3 strategic stages and activities



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# Conclusions

- Software costs continue to rise
- Software unit costs are falling rapidly
- Software industry is consolidating
- IBM is growing its market share at the expense of ISVs
- Manage product inventory
  - Eliminate
  - Consolidate
  - Negotiate

***“Knowledge Maximizes Value....  
Create Savings through Knowledge”***

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